

AlphaLISA IFN- λ 2 (Human) Detection Kit

Product number: AL3031 HV/C/F

Lot number: 2658087

Manufacturing date: November 26, 2019

Research Use Only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

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Product Information

- Application:** This kit is designed for the quantitative determination of Human interferon lambda 2 (IFN- λ 2) in serum, buffered solution, cell lysates and cell culture supernatants using a homogeneous AlphaLISA assay (no wash steps).
- Sensitivity:** Lower Detection Limit (LDL): 6.3 pg/mL
Lower Limit of Quantification (LLOQ): 24.5 pg/mL
EC₅₀: 67.2 ng/mL
- Dynamic range:** 6.3 – 100 000 pg/mL (Figure 1).

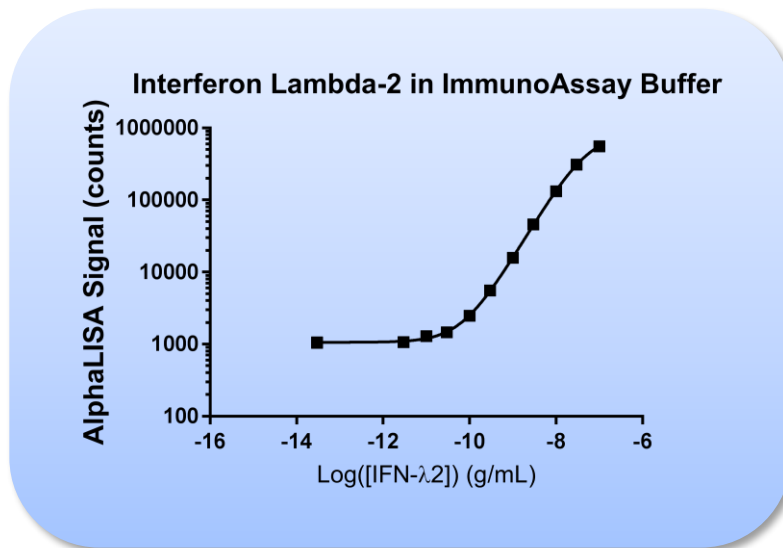


Figure 1. Typical sensitivity curves in AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer. The data was generated using a white Optiplate™ 384 microplate and the EnVision® Multilabel Plate Reader 2103 with Alpha option.

- Storage:** Store kit in the dark at +4°C. Store reconstituted analyte at -20°C.
- Stability:** This kit is stable for at least 12 months from the manufacturing date when stored in its original packaging and the recommended storage conditions.

Quality Control

Lot to lot consistency is confirmed in an AlphaLISA assay. Maximum and minimum signals, EC₅₀ and LDL were measured on the EnVision Multilabel Plate Reader with Alpha option using the protocol described in this technical data sheet. We certify that these results meet our quality release criteria. Maximum counts may vary between bead lots and the instrument used, with no impact on LDL measurement.

EC₅₀: 72.860 ng/mL
LDL: 5.757 pg/mL
LLOQ: 18.370 pg/mL
Max counts: 713630
Min counts: 241

Analyte of Interest

Interferon- λ 2 (IFN- λ 2), also known as IL28A is a cytokine encoded by the IL28 gene and is closely related to IL28B (IFN- λ 3) and IL29 (IFN- λ 1). IFN- λ 2 and IFN- λ 3 are 96% homologous and their functional differences are still unknown. IFN- λ 2 plays a critical role in adaptive immune responses and regulates CD8+ T cell functions during vaccination. Clinically, it is involved in the protection from H1N1 viral infection and it can be used for predicting response to hepatitis C treatment with interferon and ribavirin.

Description of the AlphaLISA Assay

AlphaLISA technology allows the detection of molecules of interest in buffer, cell culture media, serum and plasma in a highly sensitive, quantitative, reproducible and user-friendly mode. In an AlphaLISA assay, a biotinylated anti-analyte antibody binds to the Streptavidin-coated Alpha Donor beads, while another anti-analyte antibody is conjugated to AlphaLISA Acceptor beads. In the presence of the analyte, the beads come into close proximity. The excitation of the Donor beads provokes the release of singlet oxygen molecules that triggers a cascade of energy transfer in the Acceptor beads, resulting in a sharp peak of light emission at 615 nm (Figure 2).

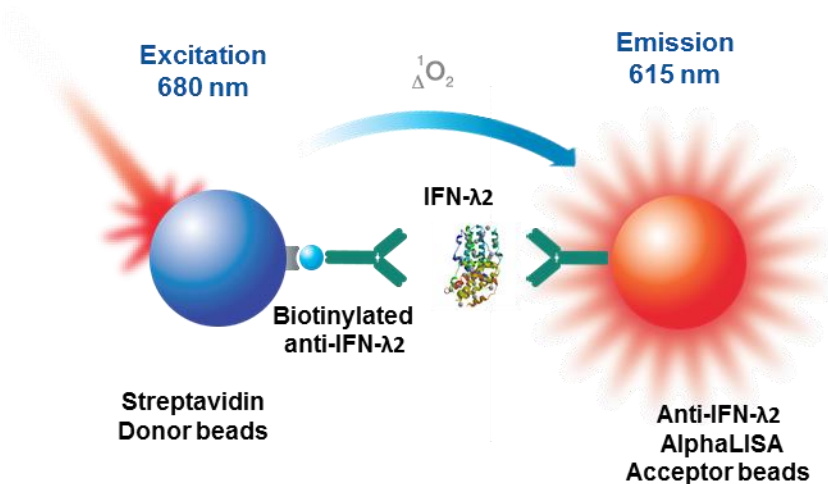


Figure 2. AlphaLISA Assay Principle.

Precautions

- The Alpha Donor beads are light-sensitive. All the other assay reagents can be used under normal light conditions. All Alpha assays using the Donor beads should be performed under subdued laboratory lighting (< 100 lux). Green filters (LEE 090 filters (preferred) or Roscolux filters #389 from Rosco) can be applied to light fixtures.
- All blood components and biological materials should be handled as potentially hazardous.
- Some analytes are present in blood. Take precautionary measures to avoid contamination of the reagent solutions.
- The Biotinylated Anti-Analyte Antibody contains sodium azide. Contact with skin or inhalation should be avoided.

Kit Contents

Kit components	AL3031HV (100 assay points ^{***})	AL3031C (500 assay points ^{***})	AL3031F (5000 assay points ^{***})
AlphaLISA Anti-IFN- λ 2 Acceptor beads stored in PBS, 0.05% Kathon, pH 7.2	40 μ L @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>white</u> cap)	100 μ L @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>white</u> cap)	1 mL @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>white</u> cap)
Streptavidin (SA)-coated Donor beads stored in 25 mM HEPES, 100 mM NaCl, 0.05% Kathon, pH 7.4	40 μ L @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>black</u> cap)	100 μ L @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>black</u> cap)	1 mL @ 5 mg/mL (1 brown tube, <u>black</u> cap)
Biotinylated Anti-IFN- λ 2 Antibody stored in PBS, 0.1% Tween-20, 0.05% NaN ₃ , pH 7.4	20 μ L @ 500 nM (1 tube, <u>black</u> cap)	50 μ L @ 500 nM (1 tube, <u>black</u> cap)	500 μ L @ 500 nM (1 tube, <u>black</u> cap)
IFN- λ 2, Analyte* lyophilized	0.3 μ g 1 tube, clear cap	0.3 μ g 1 tube, clear cap	0.3 μ g 1 tube, clear cap
AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer (10X) **	2 mL, 1 small bottle	10 mL, 1 small bottle	100 mL, 1 large bottle

* Reconstitute IFN- λ 2 in 100 μ L Milli-Q[®] grade H₂O. The reconstituted analyte should be used within 60 minutes, if possible, or aliquoted into screw-capped polypropylene vials and stored at -20 °C for further experiments. Avoid repeated freezing and thawing. One vial contains an amount of IFN- λ 2 sufficient for performing 10 standard curves. Additional vials can be ordered separately (cat # AL3031S).

** Contains 250 mM HEPES, pH 7.4, 1% Casein, 10 mg/mL Dextran-500, 5% Triton X-100 and 0.5% Proclin-300. Extra buffer can be ordered separately (cat # AL000C: 10 mL, cat # AL000F: 100 mL).

Note: 10X buffer might be slightly yellow. However, this does not affect the assay results.

*** The number of assay points is based on an assay volume of 100 μ L in 96-well plates or 50 μ L in 384-well assay plates using the kit components at the recommended concentrations.

Sodium azide should **not** be added to the stock reagents. High concentrations of sodium azide (> 0.001 % final in the assay) might decrease the AlphaLISA signal.

Specific additional required reagents and materials:

The following materials are recommended:

Item	Suggested source	Catalog #
TopSeal™-A Plus Adhesive Sealing Film	PerkinElmer Inc.	6050185
EnVision®-Alpha Reader	PerkinElmer Inc.	-

Recommendations

- The volume indicated on each tube is guaranteed for single pipetting. Multiple pipetting of the reagents may reduce the theoretical amount left in the tube. To minimize loss when pipetting beads, it is preferable not to pre-wet the tip.
- Centrifuge all tubes (including lyophilized analyte) before use to improve recovery of content (2000g, 10-15 sec). Re-suspend all reagents by vortexing before use.
- Use Milli-Q® grade H₂O (18 MΩ•cm) to dilute 10X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer and to reconstitute the lyophilized analyte.
- When diluting the standard or samples, change tips between each standard or sample dilution. When loading reagents in the assay microplate, change tips between each standard or sample addition and after each set of reagents.
- When reagents are added to the microplate, make sure the liquids are at the bottom of the well.
- Small volumes may be prone to evaporation. It is recommended to cover microplates with TopSeal-A Adhesive Sealing Films to reduce evaporation during incubation. Microplates can be read with the TopSeal-A Film.
- The AlphaLISA signal is detected with an EnVision Multilabel Reader equipped with the Alpha option using the AlphaScreen standard settings (e.g. Total Measurement Time: 550 ms, Laser 680 nm Excitation Time: 180 ms, Mirror: D640as, Emission Filter: M570w, Center Wavelength 570 nm, Bandwidth 100 nm, Transmittance 75%).
- AlphaLISA signal will vary with temperature and incubation time. For consistent results, identical incubation times and temperature should be used for each plate.
- The standard curves shown in this technical data sheet are provided for information only. A standard curve must be generated for each experiment. The standard curve should be performed in the Immunoassay Buffer for serum and/or plasma samples.

Assay Procedure

IMPORTANT: PLEASE READ THE RECOMMENDATIONS BELOW BEFORE USE

- The protocol described below is an example for generating one standard curve in a 50 µL final assay volume (48 wells, triplicate determinations). The protocols also include testing samples in 452 wells. If a different amount of samples are tested, the volumes of all reagents have to be adjusted accordingly, as shown in the table below. These calculations do not include excess reagent to account for losses during transfer of solutions or dead volumes.
- The standard dilution protocol is provided for information only. As needed, the number of replicates or the range of concentrations covered can be modified.
- Use of four background points in triplicate (12 wells) is recommended when LDL/LLOQ is calculated. One background point in triplicate (3 wells) can be used when LDL/LLOQ is not calculated.

Format	# of data points	Volume				Plate recommendation
		Final	Sample	MIX AlphaLISA beads + Biotinylated Antibody	Donor beads	
AL3031HV	100	100 µL	10 µL	40 µL	50 µL	White OptiPlate-96 (cat # 6005290) White ½ AreaPlate-96 (cat # 6005560)
AL3031C	250	100 µL	10 µL	40 µL	50 µL	White OptiPlate-96 (cat # 6005290) White ½ AreaPlate-96 (cat # 6005560)
	500	50 µL	5 µL	20 µL	25 µL	White ½ AreaPlate-96 (cat # 6005560) White OptiPlate-384 (cat # 6007290) Light gray AlphaPlate™-384 (cat # 6005350)
	1 250	20 µL	2 µL	8 µL	10 µL	Light gray AlphaPlate-384 (cat # 6005350) ProxiPlate™-384 Plus (cat # 6008280) White OptiPlate-384 (cat # 6007290)
	2 500	10 µL	1 µL	4 µL	5 µL	Light gray AlphaPlate-1536 (cat # 6004350)
AL3031F	5 000	50 µL	5 µL	20 µL	25 µL	White ½ AreaPlate-96 (cat # 6005560) White OptiPlate-384 (cat # 6007290) Light gray AlphaPlate-384 (cat # 6005350)
	12 500	20 µL	2 µL	8 µL	10 µL	Light gray AlphaPlate-384 (cat # 6005350) ProxiPlate-384 Plus (cat # 6008280) White OptiPlate-384 (cat # 6007290)
	25 000	10 µL	1 µL	4 µL	5 µL	Light gray AlphaPlate-1536 (cat # 6004350)

The protocol (2 incubation steps) described below is for 500 assay points including one standard curve (48 wells) and samples (452 wells).

If a different amount of samples are tested, the volumes of all reagents have to be adjusted accordingly.

1) Preparation of 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer:

Add 10 mL of 10X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer to 90 mL H₂O.

2) Preparation of IFN- λ 2 analyte standard dilutions:

- a. Reconstitute lyophilized IFN- λ 2 (0.3 μ g) in 100 μ L H₂O.
- b. Prepare standard dilutions as follows in 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer (change tip between each standard dilution):

Tube	Vol. of IFN- λ 2 (μ L)	Vol. of diluent (μ L) *	[IFN- λ 2] in standard curve	
			(g/mL in 5 μ L)	(pg/mL in 5 μ L)
A	10 μ L of reconstituted IFN- λ 2	90	3.00E-07	300 000
B	60 μ L of tube A	120	1.00E-07	100 000
C	60 μ L of tube B	140	3.00E-08	30 000
D	60 μ L of tube C	120	1.00E-08	10 000
E	60 μ L of tube D	140	3.00E-09	3 000
F	60 μ L of tube E	120	1.00E-09	1 000
G	60 μ L of tube F	140	3.00E-10	300
H	60 μ L of tube G	120	1.00E-10	100
I	60 μ L of tube H	140	3.00E-11	30
J	60 μ L of tube I	120	1.00E-11	10
K	60 μ L of tube J	140	3.00E-12	3
L	60 μ L of tube K	120	1.00E-12	1
M ** (background)	0	100	0	0
N ** (background)	0	100	0	0
O ** (background)	0	100	0	0
P ** (background)	0	100	0	0

* Dilute standards in diluent (e.g. 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer).

At low concentrations of analyte, a significant amount of analyte can bind to the vial. Therefore, load the analyte standard dilutions in the assay microplate within 60 minutes of preparation.

** Four background points in triplicate (12 wells) are used when LDL is calculated. If LDL does not need to be calculated, one background point in triplicate can be used (3 wells).

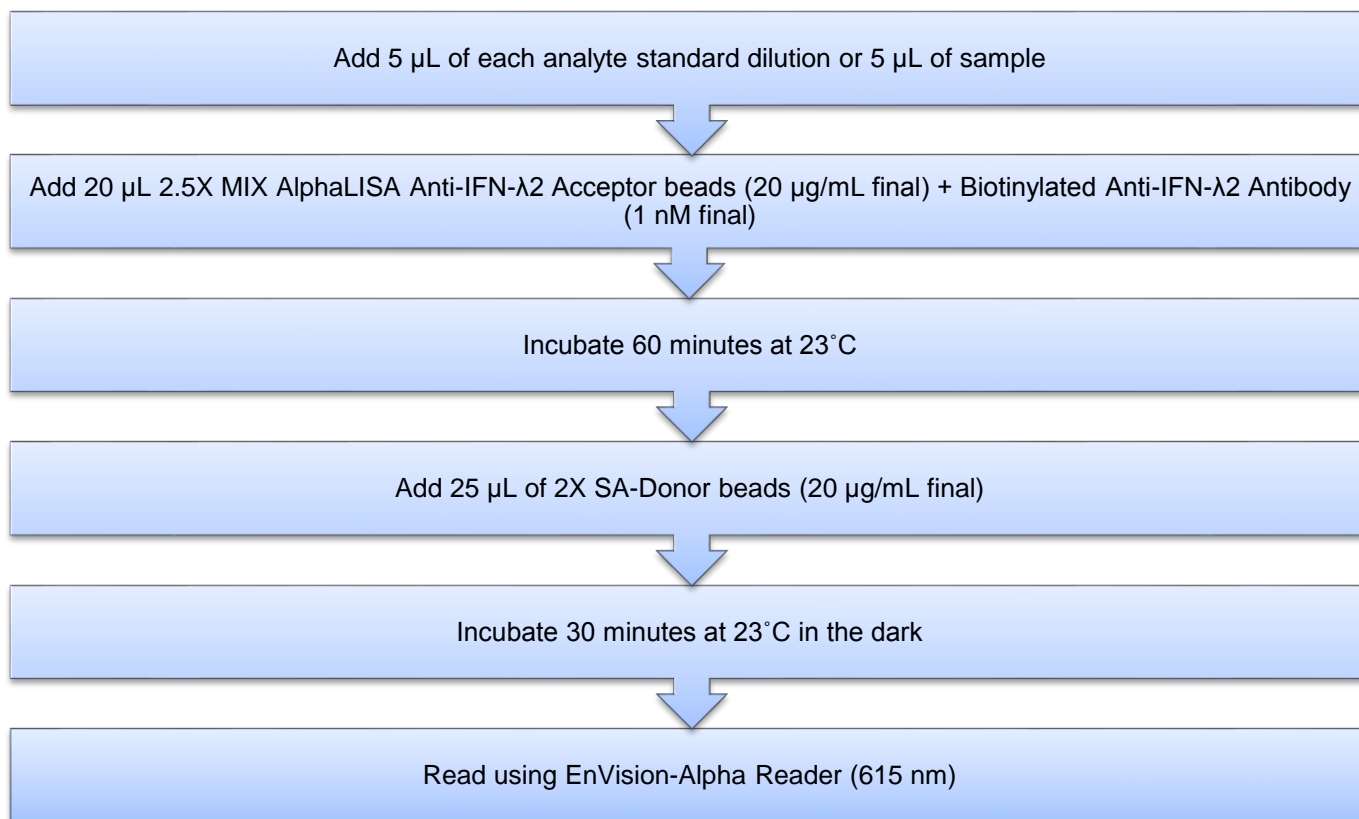
3) Preparation of 2.5X MIX AlphaLISA Anti-IFN- λ 2 Acceptor beads (50 μ g/mL) + Biotinylated Anti-IFN- λ 2 antibody (2.5 nM):

- a. Prepare just before use.
- b. Add 100 μ L of 5 mg/mL AlphaLISA Anti-IFN- λ 2 antibody Acceptor beads + 50 μ L of 500 nM Biotinylated Anti-IFN- λ 2 antibody to 9850 μ L of 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer.

4) Preparation of 2X Streptavidin (SA) Donor beads (40 μ g/mL): Keep the beads under subdued laboratory lighting.

- a. Prepare just before use
- b. Add 100 μ L of 5 mg/mL SA-Donor beads to 12 400 μ L of 1X AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer.

5) In a white Optiplate (384 wells):



Data Analysis

- Calculate the average count value for the background wells.
- Generate a standard curve by plotting the AlphaLISA counts versus the concentration of analyte. A log scale can be used for either or both axes. No additional data transformation is required.
- Analyze data according to a nonlinear regression using the 4-parameter logistic equation (sigmoidal dose-response curve with variable slope) and a $1/Y^2$ data weighting (the values at maximal concentrations of analyte after the hook point should be removed for correct analysis).
- The LDL is calculated by interpolating the average background counts (12 wells without analyte) + 3 x standard deviation value (average background counts + (3xSD)) on the standard curve.
- The LLOQ as measured here is calculated by interpolating the average background counts (12 wells without analyte) + 10 x standard deviation value (average background counts + (10xSD)) on the standard curve. Alternatively, the true LLOQ can be determined by spiking known concentrations of analyte in the matrix and measuring the percent recovery, and then determining the minimal amount of spiked analyte that can be quantified within a given limit (usually +/- 20% or 30% of the real concentration).
- Read from the standard curve the concentration of analyte contained in the samples.
- If samples have been diluted, the concentration read from the standard curve must be multiplied by the dilution factor.

Assay Performance Characteristics

AlphaLISA assay performance described below was determined using the 2 step protocol.

- Assay Sensitivity:

The LDL was calculated as described above. The values correspond to the lowest concentration of analyte that can be detected in a volume of 5 μ L using the recommended assay conditions.

LDL (pg/mL)	Buffer/Media	# of experiments
6.3	AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer	9
7.0	DMEM with 10% FBS	6
38.4	RPMI with 10% FBS	6

*Note that LDL can be decreased (i.e. sensitivity increased) by increasing the volume of analyte in the assay (e.g. use 10 μ L of analyte in a final assay volume of 50 μ L).

- Assay Precision:

The following assay precision data were calculated from the three independent assays using two different kit lots. In each lot, the analyte standard curves were prepared in AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer, DMEM, RPMI, or FBS respectively. Each assay consisted of one standard curve comprising 12 data points (each in triplicate) and 12 background wells (no analytes). The assays were performed in 384-well format using AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer.

- Intra-assay precision:

The intra-assay precision was determined using a total of 16 independent determinations in triplicate, shown as CV%.

IFN- λ 2	Immunoassay Buffer	DMEM with 10% FBS	RPMI with 10% FBS
CV%	5	5	7

- Inter-assay precision:

The inter-assay precision was determined using a total of 6 independent determinations with 18 measurements. Shown as CV%.

IFN- λ 2	Immunoassay Buffer	DMEM with 10% FBS	RPMI with 10% FBS
CV%	15	14	12

- Spike Recovery:

Four known concentrations of analyte were spiked in Immunoassay Buffer and cell culture media containing 10% FBS. All samples, including non-spiked Immunoassay Buffers and culture media were measured in the assay. The average recovery from three independent measurements is reported.

Spiked IFN-λ2 (ng/mL)	% Recovery		
	Immunoassay Buffer	DMEM with 10% FBS	RPMI with 10% FBS
3	87	99	88
1	89	92	95
0.3	96	99	104

- Specificity:

Cross-reactivity of the IFN-λ2 AlphaLISA Kit was tested using the following proteins at 30 ng/mL in AlphaLISA Immunoassay Buffer.

Protein	% Cross-reactivity
Human IFN-λ1	< 0.1 %
Human IFN-λ3	20 %

Sensitivity of Interferon λ1 and Interferon λ3 were tested using the AlphaLISA protocol described above substituting the respective analyte standard (0.3 µg/mL-1 pg/mL). The sensitivity of this kit for those analytes is displayed below.

Protein	LDL
Human IFN-λ1	9.5 ng/mL
Human IFN-λ3	76 pg/mL

Human Serum Experiments

Dilution linearity was tested to determine the required dilution factor for accurate quantification in serum samples. Commercially available normal human samples were spiked with a known concentration of IFN-λ2 and diluted in 2-fold increments with IAB.

Dilution Factor	Serum (% recovery)
1	43
2	69
4	84
8	94
16	95
32	92
64	92

Cell lysate Experiments

HEK293T cell lysates (RIPA buffer) transiently overexpressed with IFN- λ 2 were tested. Cell lysates were diluted linearly in Immunoassay Buffer and compared to standard curve prepared in IAB. If desired, a standard curve can also be prepared in AlphaLISA lysis buffer.

Cell lysate, μg / well	Cell lysate, $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$ in 50 μL	IFN- λ 2 recovered, ng/mL in 50 μL	% total protein
0.5	10	7.9	0.079
0.25	5	7.4	0.074
0.125	2.5	7.8	0.078
0.0625	1.25	7.2	0.072
0.03125	0.625	7.5	0.075

Troubleshooting Guide

You will find detailed recommendations for common situations you might encounter with your AlphaLISA Assay kit at:

http://www.perkinelmer.com/resources/technicalresources/applicationsupportknowledgebase/alphalisa-alphascreen-no-washassays/alpha_troubleshoot.xhtml

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